

# AP Chemistry Equations & Constants

Throughout the test the following symbols have the definitions specified unless otherwise noted.

L, mL	= liter(s), milliliter(s)
g	= gram(s)
nm	= nanometer(s)
atm	= atmosphere(s)

mm Hg	= millimeters of mercury
J, kJ	= joule(s), kilojoule(s)
V	= volt(s)
mol	= mole(s)

## ATOMIC STRUCTURE

$$E = h\nu$$

$$c = \lambda\nu$$

$E$  = energy

$\nu$  = frequency

$\lambda$  = wavelength

$$\text{Planck's constant, } h = 6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J s}$$

$$\text{Speed of light, } c = 2.998 \times 10^8 \text{ m s}^{-1}$$

$$\text{Avogadro's number} = 6.022 \times 10^{23} \text{ mol}^{-1}$$

$$\text{Electron charge, } e = -1.602 \times 10^{-19} \text{ coulomb}$$

## EQUILIBRIUM

$$K_c = \frac{[C]^c [D]^d}{[A]^a [B]^b}, \text{ where } a A + b B \rightleftharpoons c C + d D$$

$$K_p = \frac{(P_C)^c (P_D)^d}{(P_A)^a (P_B)^b}$$

$$K_a = \frac{[H^+] [A^-]}{[HA]}$$

$$K_b = \frac{[OH^-] [HB^+]}{[B]}$$

$$K_w = [H^+] [OH^-] = 1.0 \times 10^{-14} \text{ at } 25^\circ\text{C}$$
$$= K_a \times K_b$$

$$pH = -\log [H^+], pOH = -\log [OH^-]$$

$$14 = pH + pOH$$

$$pH = pK_a + \log \frac{[A^-]}{[HA]}$$

$$pK_a = -\log K_a, pK_b = -\log K_b$$

### Equilibrium Constants

$K_c$  (molar concentrations)

$K_p$  (gas pressures)

$K_a$  (weak acid)

$K_b$  (weak base)

$K_w$  (water)

## KINETICS

$$\ln[A]_t - \ln[A]_0 = -kt$$

$$\frac{1}{[A]_t} - \frac{1}{[A]_0} = kt$$

$$t_{1/2} = \frac{0.693}{k}$$

$k$  = rate constant

$t$  = time

$t_{1/2}$  = half-life

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## GASES, LIQUIDS, AND SOLUTIONS

$$PV = nRT$$

$$P_A = P_{\text{total}} \times X_A, \text{ where } X_A = \frac{\text{moles A}}{\text{total moles}}$$

$$P_{\text{total}} = P_A + P_B + P_C + \dots$$

$$n = \frac{m}{M}$$

$$K = {}^{\circ}\text{C} + 273$$

$$D = \frac{m}{V}$$

$$KE \text{ per molecule} = \frac{1}{2} m v^2$$

Molarity,  $M$  = moles of solute per liter of solution

$$A = abc$$

$P$  = pressure

$V$  = volume

$T$  = temperature

$n$  = number of moles

$m$  = mass

$M$  = molar mass

$D$  = density

$KE$  = kinetic energy

$v$  = velocity

$A$  = absorbance

$a$  = molar absorptivity

$b$  = path length

$c$  = concentration

Gas constant,  $R = 8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$

=  $0.08206 \text{ L atm mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$

=  $62.36 \text{ L torr mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$

1 atm = 760 mm Hg

= 760 torr

STP =  $0.00^{\circ}\text{C}$  and 1.000 atm

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## THERMOCHEMISTRY/ ELECTROCHEMISTRY

$$q = mc\Delta T$$

$$\Delta S^\circ = \sum S^\circ \text{ products} - \sum S^\circ \text{ reactants}$$

$$\Delta H^\circ = \sum \Delta H_f^\circ \text{ products} - \sum \Delta H_f^\circ \text{ reactants}$$

$$\Delta G^\circ = \sum \Delta G_f^\circ \text{ products} - \sum \Delta G_f^\circ \text{ reactants}$$

$$\Delta G^\circ = \Delta H^\circ - T\Delta S^\circ$$

$$= -RT \ln K$$

$$= -nFE^\circ$$

$$I = \frac{q}{t}$$

$q$  = heat

$m$  = mass

$c$  = specific heat capacity

$T$  = temperature

$S^\circ$  = standard entropy

$H^\circ$  = standard enthalpy

$G^\circ$  = standard free energy

$n$  = number of moles

$E^\circ$  = standard reduction potential

$I$  = current (amperes)

$q$  = charge (coulombs)

$t$  = time (seconds)

Faraday's constant,  $F = 96,485$  coulombs per mole of electrons

$$1 \text{ volt} = \frac{1 \text{ joule}}{1 \text{ coulomb}}$$

# PERIODIC TABLE OF THE ELEMENTS

<b>H</b>	1.008													
<b>Li</b>	3	4												
<b>Be</b>	6.94	9.01												
<b>Na</b>	11	12												
<b>Mg</b>	22.99	24.30												
<b>K</b>	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
<b>Ca</b>	39.10	40.08	44.96	47.90	50.94	52.00	54.94	55.85	58.93	58.69	63.55	65.39	69.72	72.59
<b>Sc</b>	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
<b>Ti</b>	85.47	87.62	88.91	91.22	92.91	95.94	98.0	101.1	102.91	106.42	107.87	112.41	114.82	118.71
<b>V</b>	55	56	57	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82
<b>Cr</b>	132.91	137.33	138.91	178.49	180.95	183.85	186.21	190.2	192.2	195.08	196.97	200.59	204.38	207.2
<b>Mn</b>	87	88	89	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	111	111	111
<b>Fe</b>	(223)	226.02	227.03	(261)	(262)	(266)	(264)	(277)	(268)	(271)	(272)			
<b>Co</b>														
<b>Ni</b>														
<b>Cu</b>														
<b>Zn</b>														
<b>Ga</b>														
<b>Ge</b>														
<b>As</b>														
<b>Al</b>														
<b>Si</b>														
<b>P</b>														
<b>S</b>														
<b>Cl</b>														
<b>Ar</b>														
<b>He</b>														

<b>Ce</b>	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71
<b>Pr</b>	140.12	140.91	144.24	(145)	150.4	151.97	157.25	158.93	162.50	164.93	167.26	168.93	173.04	174.97
<b>Nd</b>	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100	101	102	103
<b>Pm</b>														
<b>Sm</b>														
<b>Eu</b>														
<b>Gd</b>														
<b>Tb</b>														
<b>Dy</b>														
<b>Ho</b>														
<b>Er</b>														
<b>Tm</b>														
<b>Yb</b>														
<b>Lu</b>														
<b>Th</b>														
<b>Pa</b>														
<b>U</b>														
<b>Np</b>														
<b>Am</b>														
<b>Cm</b>														
<b>Bk</b>														
<b>Cf</b>														
<b>Es</b>														
<b>Fm</b>														
<b>Md</b>														
<b>No</b>														
<b>Lr</b>														
<b>Rf</b>														
<b>Ra</b>														
<b>Ac</b>														
<b>Fr</b>	(223)	226.02	227.03	(261)	(262)	(266)	(264)	(277)	(268)	(271)	(272)			

\*Lanthanide Series

**He**  
4.00  
Ne

**Kr**  
83.80

**Xe**  
131.29

**Rn**  
(222)

+Actinide Series

**He**  
20.18

**Ar**  
39.95

**At**  
(210)

**Rn**  
(222)